The Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME 48. TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 6, 1833. NUMBER 97.

Edited and Published by Neville B. Craig, near the South West corner of the Diamond—at $6 per annum, in advance. ☞The Gazette is also published weekly, (on an elephant sheet,) at $2 per annum, in advance; or, $3 at the end of the year.—No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. ☞Advertisements published on liberal terms.

JUST RECEIVED

And for Sale by ALEX. BAILIE, corner of Market and Third streets,

OLD L. P. MADEIRA, in bottles and on draught;
Pale Sherry, Lobo Brand;
Brown do. very rich;
Golden do. do.:
Grape Juice Port, very rich;
Old L. P. Teneriffe;
Old Cette Madeira;
Lisbon, very superior;
Malmsey Madeira, very rich;
Champagne, celebrated Anchor Brand;
Claret, Leo Ville, and St. Julian, very superior;
Old Hock, 1811;
Sauterne, very fine;
Also, Superior Old Virgin and Champagne Brandy;
Holland Gin, Old and Genuine;
Jamaica Spirits;
All of which are offered at reduced prices—apply as above. May 14—tf

CITY DISPENSARY,

Physicians' Prescription, and

FAMILY MEDICINE STORE.

S. E. corner of the Diamond and Market street,

PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that the above establishment is now in complete operation.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Medicines will be carefully prepared, and put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours, day and night.

The subscribers flatter themselves, from their knowledge in the Prescription and Apothecary Business, that they will be enabled to render general satisfaction. Their medicines have been selected with great care, and will at all times be subject to the inspection of the Physicians of the city.

J. B. COCHRAN.
THOMAS MILLER,

Acting Partner of the late firm of Thompson & Miller.

N. B.—The Dispensary will be accessible on Sundays. March 15—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers,

Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

TO BOTTLERS.

PORTER, Pint Porter, and Claret Bottles—received on consignment, and for sale, by the gross at No. 81, Wood street, or dozen, by

THOMPSON & SCOTT.

☞N. B.—A lot of second hand Oil and Alcohol Barrels, for sale very low.

May 14, 1833.

FAMILY FLOUR,

CONSTANTLY kept for sale by CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE, No. 8, Market street.

march 8, 1833.

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn.
Sattinet Warps.

For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd, January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

For Sale,

DRAFTS on Wheeling, Cincinnati, and Louisville, at par, payable at sight.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 48, Wood street,
Pittsburgh. March 12.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

Saddlers' Tacks and Sparables.

60 BOXES assorted sizes, received from the manufacturer, and for sale at *eastern prices*, by JAMES IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

April 19, 1833—tf

STONE'S Letters on Masonry and Anti-Masonry—Just received and for sale at

S. J. SYLVESTER'S,
April 9. Corner of Wood and Third streets.

OFFICE for the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Stocks, &c.; No. 68 WOOD STREET. Western, and every description of Bank Note Paper, purchased at a low rate of discount.

WANTED,

Doubloons, Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Thalers, Eagles, Louisd'ors, Bank of England Notes, at high premiums.

6 per cent. allowed on Special Deposits, in sums not less than $100, to remain 30 days or more. Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

GEO. A. COOK, Exchange Broker.

April 9, 1833.

HERBS.

AN assortment of carefully dried Medicinal and Culinary Herbs; put up in the neatest manner by the Shakers, among which are Lemon Balm, Hoarhound, Catnep, Peppermint, Spearmint, Pennyroyal, Rue, Sage, Tanzey, Summer Savory, Thoroughmost Hyssop, Sweet Marjorum, Wormwood, Digitalis, Lobelia, Inflata, Slippery Elm Bark, &c. &c. Just received and for sale by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.,
Corner of Fifth and Market streets.

April 23—tf

REMOVAL.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF PAPER AND PAPER HANGINGS, have removed their Store from the corner of Third and Wood Streets to No. 80 Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, where they continne to keep on hand a General Assortment of

Writing, Wrapping, Printing, and Wall PAPER.

☞Paper of all sizes and descriptions made to order, at the shortest notice.

☞They will also continue to keep on hand a supply of SCHOOL BOOKS, suitable for Country Merchants.

☞The highest market price will always be given for Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow.

May 28, 1833.—tf

J. CHISLETT, PORTRAIT PAINTER,

Penn Street, Corner of Garrison Alley,

PITTSBURGH.

J. C. takes this opportunity of soliciting the patronage of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, and would be happy to show his specimens to those who may favor him with a call.

May 3—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

Darlington & Peebles,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 Market, between 3d & 4th streets,

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,

BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.

B. DARLINGTON,
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.

Nov. 20, 1832.—tf.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhoea, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.

December 4, 1832.—tf

A. LAMONT & Co's Patent Vices:
Fullers' Screws:
Timber Wheel, do.:
Mill, do.:
Mill Spindles:
Blanchard's Cast Steel Corn & Grass Scythes:
Do. German do. do.
Thompson's Sickles—on hand and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market & Water sts.

March 29—tf

LAW NOTICE.

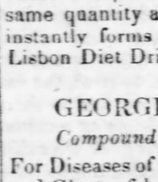
THE Subscribers, having associated in the PRACTICE OF THE LAW, will attend to the duties of their Profession in the county of Allegheny and the adjacent counties. Their Office is in the house recently occupied by T. B. Dallas, Esq., in Liberty street, and opposite to Fifth street, where they may, at all times, be consulted on professional business.

JOHN D. MAHON,
WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

June 4, 1833—tf

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.



CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831—tf

Bibliotheque Choisie de Litterature Francais.

SELECT Library of Modern French Literature.—No. 1 contains "Les Ecorcheurs ou L'usurpation et La Peste, Fragmens Historiques —1418—Par M. Le Vicomte D'Arlincourt."

The above work is published semi monthly—each number contains 60 pages closely printed. Price six dollars per annum, or five paid in advance. Apply to JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. July 23—tf.

Commission and Forwarding Business,

AND GENERAL AGENCY.

THE Subscribers have entered into partnership for the transaction of the above business, at Louisville, in Kentucky.

WILLIAM SRODES,
LEANDER CLARKE.

June 18, 1833—3m

New Stourbridge Glass Works.

J. ROBINSON & SON,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have considerably reduced the prices of their Glass.—They still continue to manufacture all kinds of

FLINT GLASS WARE,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 10, Corner of Ross and Second streets,

where all orders in their line will meet with immediate attention.

A large and general assortment will be kept constantly on hand. Orders can be filled at the shortest notice.

N. B. Terms will be found as low as at any other manufactory in the western country.

Pittsburgh, March 8.—tf.

BOOKS LOST!

5 VOLUMES of Niles' Register, to wit—16, 18, 22, 23, and 26th volumes.

Also, a number of LAW BOOKS.

☞ Persons who have any of them, are requested to return them to the office of the subscriber.

W. W. FETTERMAN.

June 4, 1833.

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,
Feb. 14—tf. 76 Front street.

JOHN D. MAHON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FROM CARLISLE, Pa.

HAVING removed to Pittsburgh, will attend to the business of his Profession, in the several Courts of Allegheny and the adjacent Counties. ☞ Office, No. 44 Fourth street, near Market. Pittsburgh, Nov. 6.—tf

TO RENT,

10 FRAME HOUSES—pleasantly situated in the village of Croghansville. Possession can be given immediately; rent very low.

Apply to JAMES BLAKELY,
May 24—tf Bayardstown.

VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY.

THE Gentlemen of the Bar are respectfully informed that we have lately received, on consignment, an extensive Law Library, among which are some very valuable Reports. We are instructed to sell the books at the lowest prices.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

April 19—tf

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,

Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnish, ed at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832—tf

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, Corner of Fifth and Market street.

Wanted,

SEVERAL Sums of Money on Mortgage, on good property in the City of Pittsburgh. Persons wishing to invest, will please apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, Pittsburgh.

March 12, 1833.

TO PRINTERS.

JUST received, one Case of BLANK CARDS—assorted Numbers—for sale cheap by S. J. SYLVESTER, Corner of Wood and Third st's.

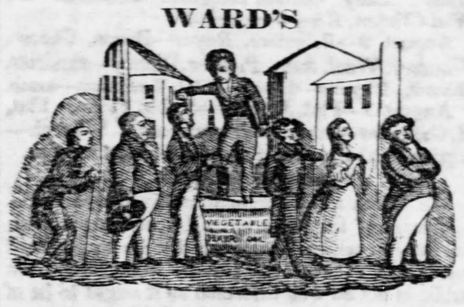
May 3, 1833.

Wall Paper and Velvet Borderings.

RECEIVED, this day, a large assortment—embracing the latest eastern patterns, some of which are very elegant—call and examine them, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,

Corner of Third and Wood streets, late H. Holdship & Son. April 5.

WARD'S



VEGETABLE HAIR OIL.

IN all ages of the world, a beautiful head of hair has been considered the greatest ornament ever bestowed by nature upon the human frame, and indispensably necessary to the perfection of personal beauty. It is a very general complaint of young persons, that their hair is falling off, becoming dry, or unhealthy; this may be owing to the application of improper and injurious oils, or to the entire neglect of the hair. Without proper attention, diseases of the hair will arise, which are often found to occasion thinness, falling off, and frequently total baldness. For these evils, and the necessary inconveniences attending them, Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil will be found in all cases a sure remedy. Before offering this Oil to the public it had been tried in hundreds of cases of baldness, thinness and falling off of the hair, and in every instance its salutary effects have been realized to admiration. It has never failed to produce a new and beautiful growth of hair on heads already bald, and to check that falling off which so often occurs. In cases where it becomes dry and ceases to grow, this Oil will very soon render it healthy, and produce a rapid and beautiful growth, without the least injury to the most delicate head; nor does any falling off follow after using it. That loss of hair, which so often takes place after sickness, may be easily prevented by using this celebrated Oil. In short no Oil has ever been offered to the public that gives such universal satisfaction, and stands the test of experience like Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil.

That the public may rest assured of the salutary effects of this Oil, the following testimonials, from gentlemen of high respectability, are most respectfully submitted:—

Extract of a letter from John A. Wadsworth, M. D., of the city of Providence, R. I. to W. & L. Krumbhaar & Co., of Philadelphia.

Gentlemen: Dr. Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil has gained great repute with us, having restored Hair on heads that have been bald for years, and I have no doubt it will give satisfaction wherever it may be introduced.

Very respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

Messrs. STANLEY & Co., of Baltimore, in writing to Mr. HUNTON, Druggist, in Washington City, say, 'That Letters to them from Druggists in Boston, describe *Ward's Hair Oil* as being highly approved of there, and selling with astonishing rapidity.

Extract of a letter from Harvey Seymour, Druggist, Hartford, Ct., to the Proprietor, dated Hartford, Sept. 14, 1832.

Dear Sir: I find your Hair Oil a valuable article; I was so unfortunate as to lose the Hair from the top of my head, and, from the use of about half a bottle, I find it starting out anew.

HARVEY SEYMOUR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Dear Sir:* Your Hair Oil, you were good enough to put into my hands when I was in Lowell, has produced the most wonderful effects on my Hair that I ever witnessed. You recollect when I called on you, my Hair had fallen very much, and I was quite bald; I have now a beautiful head of Hair, coming on very rapidly. I hardly know how to express my gratitude to you for the benefit the Oil has afforded me. A number of my friends are very anxious to obtain some of the Oil, and I wish you to send me one dozen bottles of the largest size immediately.

Yours, respectfully,
C. WOOD, M. D.

Extract of a letter from Dr. John A. Wadsworth, of Providence, to the Proprietor.

Esteemed Friend: Your Hair Oil is attended with very promising effects. One of our most respectable citizens, who had been bald for ten years, with a skin as smooth and free from hair as the palm of his hand, has been using the Oil, and fine hair is now coming out on every part of the previously bald scalp.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1, 1832.

I certify that about fifteen years ago, my hair began to fall off, and in a few years became so thin that I found it a source of great inconvenience. On seeing Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil advertised in several New York papers, and highly recommended by two medical gentlemen, with whom I was acquainted, I was induced to make trial of it. When I commenced the use of it, I very much doubted its efficacy in my case, having been bald so many years. But I had not tried it long, before I found it to possess the properties which had been attributed to it. I have now as good and healthy a head of hair as I had twenty five years ago. I can cheerfully recommend it to others who have had the misfortune to lose their hair.

G. W. CUNNINGHAM.

BOSTON, Nov 3, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Sir:* A friend of mine had a bottle of your Hair Oil put into his hand, and using it a short time, the hair began to grow on his head, which was before bald, and he had tried many other remedies in vain.

Yours, respectfully,
C. E. ALLEN.

☞ For sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., corner of Sixth and Wood streets, and H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., corner of Fifth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

April 30—tf.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON

HAVE removed their assortment of WALL PAPERS AND BORDERS, to their Paper Hangings Manufactory, on Ross street, near the Monongahela River, where purchasers will please call. March 22.—tf.

REMOVAL.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

HAVE removed to the corner of Fifth and Market streets, where a general assortment of **Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dyestuffs, &c. &c.** will be constantly kept on hand, and which they offer, wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms. April 23—tf

TO RENT,

THE Splendid Store House, at present occupied by *S. J. Sylvester*, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Possession given on 1st April. For terms, enquire of Dr. E. Hale, Allen Kramer, S. P. Darlington, or WM. ROBINSON.

January 29, 1833.—tf

TO BE LET.

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18—tf.]

FRESH DRUGS, &C.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, *No. 162, Liberty street, opposite Sixth street*, have recently received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., which they will sell, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

☞They have also for sale, Dye stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c.

July 5, 1833.—sw1m&w6m.

PAPER MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, having associated under the firm of C. LUKENS & Co., beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have a Soft Spring Paper Mill in successful operation, three miles from the city of Pittsburgh, where, from the excellence of the situation, which is high, with a free circulation of air, and sufficiently removed from the murky atmosphere of the city, and the long experience of two of the undersigned (Lysle & Tilton) in the manufacturing of Paper, they feel confident of offering to the public Paper not inferior to any made in the western country. The subscribers have a Paper Warehouse, at No. 134 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, where will be always kept on hand,

A Large and General Assortment of

PAPERS,

Which will be offered at very reasonable prices.

☞ Orders from the country, or elsewhere, thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

Rags, Scraps, &c. purchased at the highest prices, if delivered at the Warehouse, in Liberty street, or at the Paper Mill, near Lawrenceville.

G. LYSLE,
M. TILTON,
C. LUKENS.

June 25, 1833—tf

WANTED,

20 SHARES of Stock of the old Bank of Pittsburgh, for which $55 per share will be given. Apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

May 24, 1833.

NOTICE TO HATTERS.

THE Subscriber has the pleasure to inform the public that his establishment has been rebuilt, and that he is now prepared to manufacture *HAT BODIES, on an Improved Plan,* Which, he confidently believes, will give satisfaction to all who may try them.

Said Factory is situated on Water street, in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, a few rods above the Canal, and adjoining the Foundry of M'Clurg, Pratt & Co.

The price for forming and hardening is *eleven dollars* per hundred.

Wool will be taken in payment: Bodies, of our native Wool, kept constantly on hand, for sale.

D. P. INGERSOLL.

☞ The other papers of the city, and the Wheeling Gazette, will please insert the above three times. June 11, 1833—tf

CITY BATHS.

J. B. VASHON has the pleasure to inform the Citizens of Pittsburgh, and Visitors here, that his

CITY BATHS,

In Third street, between Market and Ferry streets,

Are now prepared, *in the first rate Style,* for the use of all who may be disposed to enjoy the luxury of bathing.

☞ He takes this opportunity to invite the patronage of the Public, and is determined to merit their favor, by the strictest attention to their comfort and gratification.

May 21—3m

BOARD OF HEALTH.

AGREEABLY to the 4th section of the Ordinance for Sanitary Purposes, the following gentlemen, on its reorganization, will constitute the Board of Health for the month of July, viz:

Samuel Pettigrew, *Mayor.*
E. Pentland, *Recorder.*
J. Young, C. Von Bonnhorst, Robert Christy, — *Aldermen.*
Walter Forward, John B. Butler, — *Select Council.*
S. P. Darlington, C. Darragh, Joseph Coltart, — *Common Council.*

The Board will meet three times in every week, and oftener, should the cholera or any emergency require it. July 12, 1833—1m

DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 6, 1833.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—The last Pittsburgh Mercury contains an extract from the Pennsylvanian, an anti M'Kean paper, expressing the opinion that Duane, Dallas, Muhlenburg, Horn, or Buchanan, will be the next Senator, with the remark of the Blairsville Record—that either of them will do—and then adds the emphatic indorsement of—"*Good.*"

This is precisely what we have always expected, although a little earlier than we anticipated. We did suppose that the batteries would not be opened upon Mr. M'Kean until after the election; but this sly and emphatic "good" seems to be a kind of notice to prepare to fire.—Poor M'Kean seems destined to a double mortification, to be first beaten and then laughed at.

Western Monthly Magazine.—We have received the 8th, or August number of this periodical. The articles are 1. A sketch of the Life and principles of Daniel Webster. 2. Leaves. 3. On the Formation of National Character. 4. Miss Leslie's Pencil Sketches. 5. American Seamen. 6. Written and Unwritten Law. 7. Fellenberg. 8. The Fourth of July. 9. Thirty days in my berth. 10. Literary Notice, the Knickerbocker.—We have read several of the articles with great satisfaction.

There is much in the notice of Daniel Webster which corresponds with our own impressions about him; the description, however, of the effect produced by his eloquence seems, to our mind, to be entirely overwrought. The following extract embraces the concluding paragraphs of this notice, and contains, we think, a good portion of truth—though we must say that we did not discover, in the little which we saw of him, "the step of the man of importance:" on the contrary, his manner seemed to us entirely natural and unassuming.

"In private life, Mr. Webster is simple and dignified, though by no means elegant. He is wanting in cordiality of manner, and though he has the power of pleasing, is but little of a talker, save with his intimate friends. In his dress, he is rather careless; and he walks slow, and with the step of a man of importance. He is fond of simple pleasures—loves to lie upon the grass, and listen to the birds, and watch the clouds; he is fond also of fishing and shooting; enjoys a solitary ramble; and is withal, a steadfast friend of well cooked meats and good wines. He has but little quicksilver in his composition; is not easily roused, and being roused, not easily quieted again.

What his future destiny will be, we cannot, of course, even guess. Many think him better fitted than any other man in the nation, for the office of chief justice of the supreme Court—the first, and probably the most responsible office under the federal government. But let him be what he will, we believe he will ever be a benefactor and an honor to his country. P."

The 8th article contains some hints which might be read with profit by the young men of our country, who feel a great itching, annually, to deliver themselves of a speech. This article is severe upon these modern Ciceros. He declares that their productions are "proverbially empty and childish," and seems to think that they might be dispensed with, without any great loss to the nation. He does not seem to be aware of one of the most valuable effects of this annual speech delivering *mania*. It operates as a safety valve for the escape of the surplus vanity, and no doubt prevents some of our young men from bursting with self conceit. It is true enough, generally, "that our Fourth of July orators, one and all, produce the most flat, stale, and unprofitable speeches that are to be found on record." They would, however, afford a Frenchman a fine speculation, if he could buy them for what they are worth, and sell them for what the orator usually thinks them worth.

THE ADVOCATE.—We are only going to say a few words.—That paper, of this morning, insinuates that we wait always until the senior editor is absent, to give him "*a dab.*" As that editor resides with his family in another state, it would be rather unreasonable to ask us to wait until he chooses to *visit Pittsburgh*, before we replied to his paragraphs. The Junior says that, as his father is absent, he must *again* try his "*prentice han,*" thus asserting that the editorial remarks in the Advocate of Saturday were written by the Junior editor.—Unfortunately, for the truth of this assertion, the junior editor happened to say, on Thursday last, that he had sent our paper to his father, in Steubenville, and that he did not know what reply he would make to our article of Wednesday.

PHILOLOGICAL INSTITUTE.

A Regular Meeting of the Society will be held at Philo Hall, on Monday next, August 12, at 8 o'clock. Question for debate—

"Was the Chivalry of the middle ages calculated to improve the moral character of the world?"

Affirmative—G. W. Jackson, Wm. Little, J. R. Roseburgh, J. R. M'Clintock, F. R. Dravo, J. P. McNeal, J. W. Brown, C. G. Smith.

Negative—Geo. Wallace, Wm. M. Shinn, A. L. Pentland, G. P. Smith, J. Finley, R. H. Garwood, R. D. Chapman, W. B. Barnet.

T. M. HOWE, *Pres't.*

H. P. SCHWARTZ, *Sec'y.*

☞Yesterday the adjourned Supreme Court met—Chief Justice Gibson and Rodgers Justice present—the other Judges absent—adjourned until 10 o'clock, A. M. to day.—*Democrat.*

PENNSYLVANIA CANAL.

Arrivals and departures at the Collector's Office, in Allegheny, during the week ending August 3, 1833.

ARRIVED.

July 28—Belvidere, Royer—Iron. Pennsylvania, Leech—Blooms and Merchandise.

July 29—Flat, Spear—Stone. General Lacock, Briggs—Blooms and Merchandise.

July 30—Mountaineer, Singley—Blooms and Merchandise. Lady Madison, Coad—Salt.

July 31—Caledonia, Kratzer—Blooms. Capt. Lawrence, Dobbins—Blooms. Walker, Hildebrand—Blooms. De Witt Clinton, King—Dry Goods, Liquors, and Groceries. Pioneer, Dickey—Merchandise and Bar Iron. Lady Clarke, Laughrie—Lime.

August 2—Hornet, Rhyans—Salt. Rambler, Westfall—Blooms. Flat, Lemmon—15 Cords Wood.

August 3—Gen. Lacock, Briggs—Bar Iron and Blooms. Flat, J. Speer—Bricks, Flour, & Joists. Flat, Galligher—12 Cords Wood.

DEPARTED.

July 28—Pioneer, Dickey—Sundries.

July 29—Belvidere, Royer—sundries. Pennsylvania, Leech—sundries.

July 30—Flat, Speer—none. Gen. Lacock, Briggs—sundries.

July 31—Mountaineer, Singley—sundries. Lady Madison, Coad—sundries. Caledonia, Kratzer—sundries. Walker, Truby—sundries.

August 1—CaptainLawrence, Dobbins—sundries. Lady Clarke, Laughrie—sundries. De Witt Clinton, King—sundries.

August 2—Belvidere, Royer—Bacon, Cheese, Whiskey, Wool, &c. Pioneer, Dickey—sundries. Hornet, Rhyans—Flour. Flat, Lemmon—none.

August 3—Flat, J. Spear—2 bbls. Flour. Flat, H. Galligher—none. Pennsylvania, J. L. Leech—Agricultural Produce, Cigars, and Merchandise.

We watch the settlement, cultivation, and development of the resources of Upper Canada, with an interest which would hardly be augmented were she a sister of the Union. The New York public is not so well informed as it ought to be of the late extraordinary growth of this province.—A little empire is rising in the midst of the lakes, and on our northern and western frontier, we, ere long, shall look in the face of a rival, which, in the full possession of liberal institutions, of a vigorous population, of a large and rapidly accumulating capital, of a richly productive soil, of a lucrative commerce, and an active and enterprizing navigation, will invite from us the exercise of all honorable competition. The village of York, with about 7000 inhabitants, and Kingston with between 5 and 6000, are surpassed by few, if any, villages within the States, of a comparative population, in all the means essential to the vigor, duration, and prosperity of social communities. The animated and flourishing villages of St. Catharines, Queenston, and Niagara, in the Niagara district, of Hamilton, at the head of Lake Ontario, of Cobourg, Brockville, and the beautiful settlements up the Bay of Quinta, are indications of the destinies of Upper Canada, which can lead to no erroneous inferences. The policy of the British Government, probably, also, connected with considerations arising from the uncertain aspect of European politics, has, within the two last years, occasioned the settlement, in the Canadas, of a great number of individuals, who have added a large contribution to the wealth and strength of the provinces.—The emigration has increased from about 16,000, in 1829, to about 52,000 in 1832. Of this, last year's emigration, a part settled in the lower province, and a part in the United States, but near 40,000 in Upper Canada. What the character of this last year's emigration was, a reasonable judgment may be formed from the simple fact, which we have from indubitable authority, that the deposits made by the emigrants of 1832, at the bank of Upper Canada, in the town of York, exceeded six hundred thousand sovereigns. There are now in active operation on Lake Ontario, the Bay of Quinta, and the St. Lawrence, belonging to Upper Canada, 25 steamboats, several of which are of the first power and capacity. We know ourselves of two or three more now building, which are intended to rival the Great Britain and the U. States, which are known to be two of the most splendid boats upon the American waters.

We note all these circumstances, in relation to Upper Canada, without one emotion of jealousy; we know the time is approaching when we shall be largely contributing to each others' prosperity, and are encouraged to hope the day is not distant, when, in our social relations, we may enjoy together more abundantly, the fruits of a kindred language and origin, and of similar institutions and manners.—*Oswego Palladium.*

Mr. Webster.—In another part of this morning's paper will be found a speech, delivered by Mr. Webster, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, at a public dinner given to him at that place, during his recent excursion. We republish it, because we infer, from the signs of the times, that this gentleman is to be brought forward as a candidate for the next Presidency, *nolens volens;* and it is therefore due to him, and important to the people, that his sentiments, in relation to great questions of public policy, should be as widely disseminated as possible. It is evident there is a strong and growing party in favor of Mr. W's elevation to the Presidential office; and were commanding talents, unbending honesty of purpose, and unsullied patriotism alone to be regarded, in the selection of that officer, we know of no man, except perhaps Henry Clay, of Kentucky, who presents the same strong claims to public confidence and support.—*Lynchburgh Virginian.*

U. S. BANK.

A statement in the Globe, of Wednesday, attributing to Mr. CALHOUN the introduction of the clause in the charter of the Bank of the United States relative to the government deposits, has led us to inquire more particularly into the case. We find that when the subject of a national bank was under discussion in Congress, a very strong party, led by Mr. WEBSTER and others, endeavored to render the bank, as much as possible, independent of the government, believing that the greatest danger to the institution would be the control of the executive officers. Mr. Webster was particularly desirous to prevent the prostitution of the revenue to party purposes, which he thought inevitable, if the executive could, at any time, put up for sale, to the highest political bidder, the use of the public funds; and accordingly he himself introduced, as an amendment, and carried, the 16th section, which declares—"That the deposits of the money of the United States in places in which the said bank and branches may be established, shall be made in said bank or branches thereof, unless the Secretary of the Treasury shall, at any time, otherwise order and direct: in which case the Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately lay before Congress, if in session, and if not, immediately after the commencement of the next session, the reasons of such order or direction."—*U. S. Gazette, Saturday, August* 3.

There is at present near this town a poor boy, about eight years of age, laboring under the prevailing epidemic, in whose blood are numerous worms. These animals have been twice drawn from the arm in bleeding. They are nearly an inch long, and have lived for several days in a bottle containing the serum of blood. The patient is under the care of Dr. Bushman, who considers them to be the larvæ of some insect, and is carefully watching them, in the hope of a metamorphos taking place, and discovering the parent insect.—*Dumfries Courier.*

A Correspondent of the Baltimore American states that Doctor N. R. Smith, of that city, during one week of the last month, twice performed the operation of Lithotrity, once on a boy of 12 years of age, and again on an aged clergyman 70 years of age, and in both instances with complete success. It is further stated, that Dr. Smith has performed this difficult operation fourteen times, and in every instance with a favorable result.

Colonization of Algiers.—Marshal Clausel, after some introductory observations on the importance of the possession of Algiers, which he contended might be as abundant a sorce of riches to France as that of the E. Indies had been to England, said that it was with a view to the interest, not only of the colonists, but of the whole country, that he called on Government for a specific reply to the following questions:—1st. Is it the intention of the Government to occupy only the points of the African coast and the Regency of Algiers, which it now holds, or to extend the occupation to other points? 2d. Is it the intention of the Government to colonize Algiers? 3d. Is it the intention of the Government to evactuate Algiers?

The President of the Council—(profound silence.)—"I shall reply to the questions of the hon. Marshal briefly, but explicitly. On the first I can only say that we have formed no specific determination; we now occupy the three principal points of the territory, and if it should appear necessary and convenient either for the security of those points, or any other reason, to extend the occupation to other points, there is no difficulty in doing so; but at present we have come to no determination on the subject. As to the question of colonization, our intention is to favor it as much as possible. If companies present themselves who will undertake to colonize Algiers, at their own expense, they may depend on receiving every protection from Government which they can desire, but we do not consider it the interest of Government to undertake the colonization on its own responsibility. In reply to the third question of the hon. Marshal, I have to repeat, that the Government has placed itself under no engagement whatever with any Power relative to the evacuation of Algiers, but is perfectly free to act in that respect as it thinks proper; but I will add, that up to this moment Government has not entertained the remotest idea of evacuating Algiers; on the contrary, all its measures tend to fortify the security of its occupation, and to encourage, by every means in its power, the colonization of the country by private individuals or companies. I believe these are all the points on which the hon. Marshal required information, and if there be any other on which the Chamber desires explanation, I shall be happy to give it."—Applause, and cries of "No, no.")

Marshal Clausel expressed himself perfectly satisfied with the explanations given by Marshal Soult, which he said would tend to tranquilize in the greatest degree the inhabitants of Algiers. He trusted that commercial establishments would immediately be formed in Algiers, as he was convinced that colonization was the only effectual and useful mode of occupation.

Efforts will be made in the French Chamber of Deputies to obtain a law abolishing negro slavery in the French islands. When it was proposed, in the Chamber, on the 11th June, to imitate at once the proceedings of the British government, Mr. Charles Dupin made these sensible remarks—

"With the example of St. Domingo before our eyes, we ought to be prudent. As friends of humanity we hope that this experiment may be happily successful. A great experiment is to be made, under the grave responsibility of the government which proposes it. We form wishes that it may be fortunate—I repeat it—and that humanity may have reason only to applaud. I dare assert, that if it succeed, the French government will hasten to profit by it, and even to do better things still, if the means can be found. If, on the contrary, misfortunes should be the result, the French government will have reason to felicitate themselves on their delay."

We recollect to have heard, several years ago, a conversation between two gentlemen concerning the sea serpent; one a firm believer, the other incredulous. The first observed—"So confident am I of the case, that if I now heard that the serpent was seen at Nahant, I would go thither to view it." The unbeliever replied—"Well, I would stay here until you came back." The French government will do well to wait until the effects of the British plan of Abolition are known.—*Nat. Gaz., Aug.* 1.

On Thursday, the Earl of Dundonald made a most successful trial of his newly invented rotatory steam engines. A boat was propelled with great rapidity, and turned backwards and forwards through Westminster bridge several times. The engines are not larger than two Cheshire cheeses, and the whole apparatus so compact that a frigate's launch could be fitted with it. His Lordship was accompanied by Mr. Ogle, Capt. Brown, Mr. G. J. Mangary, etc. Some slight alteration, in a very minor detail, will be made, when their great improvement will be deemed complete, and applicable to our navy.—*London Herald.*

MAMMOTH SHEET OF PAPER.—At a dinner recently held in the city of Dublin, which was given by a respectable printer, to a large number of persons who had exerted themselves for the preservation of his premises from fire on a previous occasion; the table was covered by a single sheet of paper, the dimensions of which were—length 125 feet, breadth, 5 feet.—*London Monthly Review.*

The King of the Belgians, in his speech of the 7th June, to the Belgic legislature, says—"In the first line of the interests which call for our attention are our manufactures and our commerce. We have obtained from the United States of North America, the most favorable stipulations for one of the most important branches of our manufacture." It would seem that our executive and negotiators were willing to favor to the utmost any manufactures except those of our own country. Stipulations which benefit a foreign manufacture tend to prevent the growth of the same in our own country. The governments of Europe are always vigilant for the protection and advancement of their own.—*Nat. Gaz.*

A project has been started in London for a "West India Free Labor Company." The proposal is to issue transferrable bonds, bearing interest at 4 per cent., in sums varying from £100 to £1,000 each. The bonds to be issued to subscribers, who are to make an immediate deposit and pay up instalments. The company are to buy up West India estates and mortgages. The company are to grant leases of the estates, and the estates are to be cultivated by free negro labor. The aggregate value of the estates and stock is made to be £100,000,000; the money capital to be subscribed £15,000,000; total capital of the company on which *pro re nata* divisions are to be made, £115,000,000.

A Disclaimer.—Judge Clayton, of Georgia, who has been charged with having become favorable to the Bank of the United States, notwithstanding his former hostility to it, in consequence of having procured from it a loan, about the time of the close of the last session of Congress, has published a statement in the Georgia Journal, in which he denies, in unqualified terms, the truth of the charge. He admits, that in consequence of loss of a large sum of money, through the perfidy of an agent employed by him, and which was intended to be applied to the discharge of a claim against him of rather a pressing nature, which did not admit of the delay which would have attended his procuring the money from home, he had, through the persuasion of some of his friends, applied for, and obtained from the Bank, a loan of money, according to the regular course of business, without any pledge or intimation of his changing his course towards it, and asserts that he is still as decidedly opposed to it as he has ever been.—*U. S. Gazette.*

Turkish Horses.—Large apertures in the walls and the roof constantly admitted the air, it being a principle with the Osmanleyes to keep their stables cool, covering the horses with thick cloths. And, as no country presents more variety of climate than Turkey in Europe, no horses being so healthy as Turkish horses, it follows that the mode adopted with them is good; spacious, well ventilated stabling, with plenty of body cloths. Horses in Turkey never stand on straw, but on the earth or sand, kept very clean, and are always tethered. The practice of tethering is worthy of imitation every where; it does not distress the animal, and it prevents kicking. Nothing is more unpleasant than being between two rows of loose heels. 'Extremes meet,' is exemplified in the contrary practice of the English and the Turks, respecting horses, the result of each being the same excellence. English horses are high fed, Turkish horses get little else than chopped straw—it requires hours to dress an English horse; as many minutes suffice for a Turkish horse—the English snaffle would scarcely hurt a deer's mouth; the Turkish bit would break a tiger's jaw—the hoof in England is prepared to the shoe; the shoe in Turkey is fashioned to the hoof.—*Slade's Travels.*

Two Important Historical Facts.—Mr. Madison's resolutions have been strongly relied on as asserting Nullification. They seemed to us almost, if not entirely, to justify this construction, until the appearance of Mr. Madison's letter to Mr. Everett, recently published, which contains explanations of a highly satisfactory character on this subject. There are two facts, lately developed, which, independent of Mr. Madison's letter, furnish valuable illustration as to the true import of these resolutions. As they were originally drafted, the 7th resolution declared the Alien and Sedition acts "unconstitutional, *and not law, but wholly null and void, and of no effect.*" On motion of Mr. Taylor of Carolina, who introduced the resolution, the words in italics were stricken out, without a division. Thus making it only the expression of *opinion*, and taking away its *Nullifying* features. This is the first fact. The second is, that the third resolution, as reported, ran that this Assembly doth explicitly and peremptorily declare, that it views the powers of the federal government as resulting from the compact, to which the States *alone* are parties." Upon the suggestion of Mr. Giles, the word *alone* was stricken out. It had been contended that the *people only* were parties to the compact; and the resolution declared that the State alone were parties. Mr. Giles said "the general government was partly of each kind," and on this ground the word *alone* was stricken out. The doctrine of Nullification is based upon the assumption that the States are the *only* parties; if the people are the only parties, this air-built theory tumbles into atoms.—*Mississippian.*

Self taught Philosophers.—We have heard and read much of self made and self taught men. The truth is, that every eminent man—especially among the literary, the scientific, the professional—has been a self made man. Bacon and Locke, Milton and Newton, Burke and Mansfield, were as truly self made and self taught men as were Johnson and Franklin, Ferguson and Rittenhouse, Herschel and Fulton. The first enjoyed the advantages of a college directly, the latter indirectly: and all attained distinction by the same intellectual process. They severally availed themselves of all the instruments and sources of knowledge within their reach: and persevering industry, as a law of their existence, insured them victory and honor. Rumford, Hutton, Davy, Sherman, Pope, Wythe, were as much debtors to the college as were Barrow, Edwards, Dwight, Fox, Scott, or Canning. The books, the science, the literary taste, the universal consideration attendant on superior mental endowments, which colleges had created, multiplied, diffused, and every where exhibited, led Franklin, as they have led thousands, to imitate, to master, to emulate, to rival, the excellence thus presented to their view and to their ambition. Had there been no colleges or seminaries of liberal learning—no literary or scientific enterprise or spirit abroad—Franklin might have been a Confucius or a Numa among barbarians, but he would never have been the first of philosophers and statesmen among the most enlightened nations of the earth.—*Lindley's Discourses.*

The town of Colchester was, on Wednesday, a scene of the most lively interest, in consequence of the launch of the William Hale steamer, propelled by machinery upon a new construction, superseding altogether the use of paddle wheels, removing all the inconveniences and objections which are inseparable from paddle wheels, yet retaining every advantage of motion by steam power, and combining with it, the free and effectual use of sails. The propeller, equally remarkable for simplicity and effect, is placed in the hold of the vessel, and perfectly secure from external injury, whether by accidents, by the elements, or in warfare; it is capable of easy adaptation to vessels of every class and description; alike serviceable in the open sea, either for warlike or commercial purposes; and for the navigation of rivers, and canals, in which it will be essentially valuable, for speed will be attained without swell or commotion in the water; injury to the banks will not be occasioned, nor towing paths be necessary; and, more than all, loss of life will be prevented, which so frequently has happened from accidents through the swell of the water by the paddle wheels of steamers. The invention has been the subject of many trials, but has been hitherto purposely kept private. It has been minutely and repeatedly examined by many distinguished naval officers and scientific men, and all have expressed very decided approbation of the principle and its application.—The inventor is Mr. William Hale, of this town, a very ingenious and meritorious person, not in affluent circumstances. We believe this vessel is nearly on the same construction in machinery as a model exhibited upon Virginia Water some time since.—*London paper.*

Gold and Silver Coin.—The returns of the operations at his Majesty's mint, for the period of twenty years, closing with 1829, show that during the latter ten years, (1819 to 1829) the value of the gold coin was 23,893,783*l.* more than during the preceding ten years (1790 to 1800,) and of the silver coined, 9,148,195*l.*, more. It is indeed somewhat remarkable, as to the latter metal, that where above nine millions were coined in the last period (1819 to 1829) only twelve hundred and sixteen pounds in value should have been coined in the same period of years antecedent.

The largest amount of gold coined was in 1821, namely, 9,520,738*l.*, and the next largest was in 1826, when the whole country was suffering under the destruction of credit consequent upon the commercial and banking panic which grew out of the follies of 1825. The gold coined in the succeeding year (1826) amounted to 5,896,461*l.*; and even in 1825 it was as much as 4,580,919*l.*—The greatest value of silver coined was in the year 1817, when it reached 2,436,297*l.*; and next to this, stands 1819, with 1,267,272*l.* During the six and twenty years preceding 1817, the whole value of silver coined did not exceed 1,641*l.*; exclusively of bank tokens and Anglicised Spanish dollars.—*London paper.*

The Frederick Examiner states that the jury appointed to assess the amount of damages done to the lands of Messrs. Brien, in Washington county, by the passage of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal through them, awarded the sum of $13,000.

Almost Caught.—The sloop Fame, commanded by Capt. P. C. Myrick, an old whaler, with a picked company of experienced officers and seamen, sailed this morning on a whaling cruize in Massachusetts Bay; principally for the purpose, however, of determining the question of the existence of that celebrated nautical non-descript, the Sea-serpent: which question, if affirmatively decided, will immediately be followed by his capture, dead or alive. Sharp eyes, that from long practice cannot be deceived, have gone to look after him; and sharper weapons, to be wielded by muscles and nerves that have been accustomed to grapple with Leviathan, are prepared for this certain overthrow. The Fame has a complement of 14 skilful men, and carries two whale boats, with every sort of apparatus for encountering any manner of monster which may dare to show itself. Among the implements of destruction on board, are sundry harpoons of a new construction, (for which a patent has been granted to a gentleman of this place,) made at the Phœnix Iron Foundry, Providence—one thrust from which will inflict instant death. This description of harpoon carries within its barb, a dose of concentrated poison, the most suitable which human science has yet been able to discover. With these preparations, we have not the slightest doubt that a most satisfactory account of the serpentine giant will very shortly be rendered—provided nevertheless, there *be* such a creature, inhabiting the waters of this region.—*Nantucket Inquirer.*

There are in circulation several new counterfeits, which the public would do well to watch sharply. Among them are:—A $5 on the Bank of Pittsburgh, payable to S. H. Scott, dated September 4th, 1819; a $10 on the Commercial Bank at Philadelphia, payable to R. H. Lee, dated November 17th, 1830; and a $20 on the Bank of Virginia, at Richmond, payable in Norfolk, to George Newton, letter A., dated March 9th, 1814, and well executed.—*Balt. Pat., Aug.* 2.

Thames Tunnel.—Two estimates have been furnished by Mr. Brunnel for the completion of the work; one to make it available for foot passengers, amounting to 146,000*l.*, and the other, which includes the sum required for the purchase of the ground for making the approaches and descent into the Tunnel on both sides of the river for carriages, amounting to 248,000*l.*; and, from the experience gained during the construction of the part now finished, there is just ground for concluding that either object is attainable for the sum specified.—*Balt. Pat.*

The United States Gazette says, that the project of establishing a line of steam packets between Philadelphia and Charleston, is in a state of great forwardness.—*Balt. Pat.*

Mr. Leigh.—Mecklenburg Meeting.—We publish, to day, the proceedings of a large meeting in Mecklenburg, for the purpose of nominating Mr. Leigh to the Presidency. We have already expressed our regret at the agitation of this question, before the popular excitement has had time to subside after the ferment produced by the late struggle. We are glad, however, that the people of Virginia are determined not to give their vote for Mr. Van Buren.—*Richmond Whig.*

A daily mail is about to be established between France and England. The Paris Moniteur announces that a treaty has been concluded between the Post Master General of England and the director of the French Post Office, which, besides affording a more frequent correspondence, will give an acceleration to the interchange of letters, and allow the mutual conveyance of intelligence from one country to the other in 36 hours, instead of taking three, and sometimes four days, as hitherto.—*Balt. Amer.*

Dinner to Lieut. Randolph.—The citizens of Williamsburg, Va. in testimony of their indignant feelings at persecution, and of their respect "and even *affection*" for the man, invited Mr. Randolph to partake of a public dinner, at the Raleigh Tavern, in that place. The invitation was accepted by the ex-Lieutenant, and the dinner was given on the 24th ult. It seems to have been well attended, from the long list of toasts which is appended to the proceedings, as published in the Richmond Whig. Of the toasts we observe that some are in a high degree complimentary to the guest—some, rather severe on the Old Hero; and on the "old veteran" of the Enquirer; and a reasonable portion of the remainder well spiced with "state rights" and nullification.—*Balt. Pat.*

The arrangements of the Russian Mint are copied from those of Great Britain. The machinery and all the superintendents are English. The former was made by the celebrated London manufactures, Bolton & Watt, and is modeled after that in use in the British Mint. Indeed, most of the large institutions, manufactories, &c., in St. Petersburgh, are superintended by Scotch and Englishmen. The laborers in the Mint are serfs of the empire. Elliot, in his Travels in Europe, explains the precautions taken to prevent depredations. All the native workmen are clothed in thin white jackets and linen trowsers without pockets. As they move in files from the laboratory to the eating room, they are examined by police officers, and, at night, when they leave the house, they are stripped to the skin, and searched, and go out in other clothes.

The common metallic currency is the silver ruble. The paper ruble, originally of the value of the silver, has, by profuse emission, depreciated, and is now worth little more than one fourth.—The name (*ruble*) is derived from an ancient and obsolete practice. Formerly bars of silver were used instead of coin, with notches, (*rubli*) marked on it, to point out the values of different quantities. Captain Elliot saw no gold coin.

An emission of platina coin was struck some years ago. The discoverer of the mode of combining the *oxide*, in which form platina is usually found, with chemical agents, to render it tractable, was Dr. Wollaston, who communicated the secret, at his death, to Mr. Herschel. By Mr. Herschel, personally, the man employed in the Russian Mint was instructed. The coin was prepared and struck; its value was nearly five dollars Spanish. But before it was issued, the influx of platina from America had depreciated the value of the metal, and it was deemed inexpedient to employ in coinage one so liable to fluctuations. The ruble contains one hundred copper kopecks.—*Balt. Amer.*

Perpetual Motion.—We see it stated that "the again grand desideratum of Perpetual Motion has been discovered. A French watch maker, of Montevideo is, this time, said to be the "fortunate holder!" Discovered "again." What a pity that it will not stay discovered.—*Balt. Pat.*

CUMBERLAND, Md., July 30.—The work on that portion of the new location of the National Road, from the town of Cumberland to the site for the erection of a bridge across Will's creek is, at present, suspended, in consequence, as we learn, of a

part of this portion of road and the bridge, interfering with the location of the rout of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. It is expected, however, that a compromise will be effected in the course of a few weeks, by a slight change in the location of the road at the commencement of the Narrows of Will's creek, when the work will again be renewed, and prosecuted without further delay.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

Mr. Herrisson lately read before the Paris Academy of Science a memoir on a new instrument called *Sphygmometer*, to which he ascribes great importance. It is intended to measure the beatings of the heart and arteries. He contends that the ordinary judgment by the pulse is not sufficiently sure, or rather that it is quite uncertain without his instrument.—*Nat. Gaz.*

The land on which the manufacturing village of Lowell is built, was a farm about 15 years ago, owned by a widow woman. A cursory survey of it was made by an engineer in behalf of a manufacturing company, who were searching for a good water power in order to erect their mills. The report of the engineer was favorable. Without suspecting their object, the old lady sold her farm for what she then considered a good round sum, perhaps $2,500 or thereabouts. On that very farm there is now a large town containing 10,000 inhabitants, and a cash capital invested in the various manufactories of $6,150,000: besides that employed in other kinds of business, from a wholesale store to a top and whistle manufactory. What other part of the world can beat this?—*Hempstead Enq.*

The City Wharf.—The City Wharf was built about two years ago, at which time an association of merchants contracted to pay the city $10,000 rent, yearly, for 20 years, and to build ten stores upon it, which should revert to the city at the end of that term. These stores have cost, it is said. $3,500 each. The cost of the lease, then, is—

For rent,	$200,000
For ten stores,	35,000
Interest on same,	42,000
Total for 20 years,	$277,000

This would look like a hard bargain; but let us examine the credit account. The south side of the wharf was rented by the lessees the first year for $7000, and it is believed that the whole of it will not average less than $10,000 at a moderate calculation. The stores are supposed to average $800 each. An additional building at the end of the wharf brings $500. Here are, then—

For rent of wharf,	$200,000
Rent of stores,	160,000
" of warehouse,	10,000
Total,	$370,000

This shows a profit of 93,000; and this, we are inclined to believe, is an estimate altogether too low.—*Bost. Mercant. Jour.*

LIST OF ARRIVALS

At the following Hotels, in this city, during the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock, this morning.

PITTSBURGH HOTEL—C. M'KIBBIN.

Aug. 5.—Nelson G. Nettleton, Harmony; Fred. J. Smart, Ohio River; J. Howel, Detroit; Mr. Hanes, Maine; J. W. Weaver, Wheeling; J. Henderson, Washington, Pa.; Mr. Campbell, ——; Wm. T. Hix, Cincinnati; Mr. McDonough, ——; J. Duncan, Louisville; C. Balsley, and Lady, Louisville; Capt. W. Johnson, Ohio River; D. Duncan, Richmond, O.; Ezek. Bell, Pittsburgh; Matthew Williams, Butler; Margaret Williams, Butler; A. Hawkins, ——; W. G. Mooshead, Sandusky city; James Brown, ——; Mrs. M. Williams, Warren, O.; Thos. Konnikay, Phil.; Robert Andrews and child, Phil.

Aug. 6.—R. Darlington, ——.

MANSION HOUSE—B. WEAVER.

Aug. 5.—Wm. Mann, jr. Bellefonte; D. Leech, Leechburgh; R. Taylor, Creek; Geo. W. Riddell, Noblestown; J. Sowers, Brownsville; B. F. Thompson, New Lisbon, O.; Wm. J. Gillespie, Brownsville; Joel Band, Wheeling; Elisha Garrison, West Union, O.; J. H. Sheets, Brownsville.

EXCHANGE HOTEL—B. M'GUIRE.

Aug. 5.—Jos. Curry, Jefferson Township; R. Findlay, Esq. Wash. Pa.; S. J. Johnston, Cadiz, O.; Mr. Wolfe, and Son, Philad.; Rev. Bishop Kendrick, Philad.; J. A. Shaw, Pittsburgh; D. H. Stone, Pittsburgh.

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130 HHDS. LEAF TOBACCO—for sale by
JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.
August 6, 1833.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE Bridgewater Treatises on the Power, Wisdom, and Goodness of God, as manifested in the Creation. Treatise 2—On the adaption of External Nature to the Physical condition of Man, principally with reference to the supply of his wants, and the exercise of his intellectual faculties. By John Kidd, M. D. F. R. S., Regries Professor of Medicine in the University of Oxford.

Theological Library, Nos. 3 and 4.—Luther, and the Lutheran Reformation: By John Scott, M. D., Vicar of North Ferriby, and Minister of St. Mary's, Hull, etc.: in 2 volumes.

Tales and Novels by Maria Edgeworth—vol. 5, containing Tales of Fashionable Life, and the Modern Griselda.

Boys' and Girls' Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge: vol. 12.—The Young Crusoe, or the Shipwrecked Boy: By Mrs. Hofland, Author of 'the Son of a Genius,' 'Stolen Boy,' &c. &c.

Library of Medical Sciences.—The Cyclopædia of Practical Medicine and Surgery: a Digest of Medical Literature: edited by Isaac Hays, M. D., Part I.

This day received and for sale by
JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44, Market street, opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. August 6.—tf

PAPER.

THE Subscriber has received, from the Franklin Paper Mill—

120 Reams Imperial Printing, No. 3;
100 do. Medium do. 3; fine.
70 do. Super Royal do. 4 & 5.

Medium and Crown, Tea and Wrapping, Foolscap, Quarto Post, & Post Office Paper.
Also, Fullers' Boards, and Bonnet Boards.
Orders will be thankfully received by
GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd.
August 5, 1833—tf

NEW PUBLICATIONS!

OBSERVATIONS on Professions, Literature, Manners, and Emigration in the United States and Canada: made during a residence there in 1832. By Rev. Isaac Fidler: in 1 vol.

"Miserrimus"—On a grave stone in Worcester Cathedral, is this emphatic inscription, Miserrimus, with neither name nor date, comment, nor text: in 1 vol.

This day received and for sale by
JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
No. 44, Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.
N. B.—All the new Publications received as soon as published.
August 5, 1833.—4t.

Western Collegiate Institute,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
NEAR PITTSBURGH,

UNDER the superintendence of WILLIAM B. LACEY, D. D., with arrangements of *increased efficiency*, will commence it Autumnal Session, on the First Monday in September next.

In the *Senior* department, Dr. Lacey, with competent Assistants, will bear recitations in Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, Chemistry, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, in reference to Language and the Fine Arts, Elocution, Natural Theology, Evidences of Christianity, and Sacred History.

In the *Junior* Department, Mr. Bryan B. Killikelly, late Vice Principal of a Collegiate School, in the city of New York, will give instructions in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Botany, Geology, Ancient and Modern History, Rhetoric, and the Latin and Greek languages.

In the *Ornamental* department, Mrs. Lacey, assisted by accomplished instructors, will give lessons in the French, and Italian languages, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Drawing, and Painting, in the style of several of the European, and Oriental Schools, Calisthenics, and the forms and elegancies of polished life.

The price for Board, General Superintendance, Fuel, Candlelight, Pew Rent, access to an extensive Library, instructions in Calesthenics, Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Geography, and Arithmetic, and all the varieties of Needle Work, will be $30 per term. To this charge will be added, for instruction in *any* or in *all* of the higher branches taught in the *Junior* department, (except the Latin and Greek languages) $6; or instead thereof, in *any* or in *all* the branches of the *Senior* department, $8; French and Italian, each $8; Music, including the use of the instruments for practice, $13; Drawing, and Painting, $6; Bronzing and Painting, in the Oriental styles, $20. Or, if Parents prefer a more definite arrangement, Dr. Lacey will *Board*, and *Instruct*, in *any*, or in *all* the branches taught in the Institute, for $200, per annum, per scholar, *they paying the amount in advance.*

The Principal intends to establish, in the vicinity, and under his own general Superintendance, a school for small *boys*, where, with his own sons, they will be fitted for entrance into any college in the United States. The charge for *board* and *tuition*, in *any* or in *all* the branches of a *finished English education* will be $120 per annum, and for other branches proportionally moderate.

No scholar will be received for a less time than one term; *and all bills must be paid one quarter in advance.*

Each pupil is required to bring a Bible, Bed, and Bedding, Towels; Table spoon, Tea spoon, Knife and Fork.

Pupils will be permitted to attend any place of public worship their Parents may designate.

The Institute having been in operation four terms, and sustained two public examinations, Dr. Lacey submits, with particular satisfaction, the following spontaneous testimonial of its character, and results from *Parents and friends of pupils in the Institute.*

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1833.

TO THE REV. W. B. LACEY, D. D.—

Dear Sir—We have been so amply gratified by the late examination of your Female Collegiate Institute, that we feel it equally a pleasure and a duty to express our satisfaction, and to wish you such success in your enterprise as may remunerate you for your large expenditure, and, in some measure, compensate you for the unwearied application of your talents and learning to the cause of Education.

The examination was conducted with such minute and critical severity as served to test, to the utmost, the understanding of the pupils, and the extent of their acquisitions in their varied and interesting studies.

When it is taken into consideration that the number of pupils did not exceed fifty, and that three days were spent, almost without relaxation, in ascertaining their mental and moral improvement, the results must be considered as peculiarly gratifying to their parents and friends, and as reflecting the highest credit upon the Principal of the Institute and those to whom their instruction has been committed.

The examination embraced, in its range, the elementary, as well as the higher branches of elocution, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Rhetoric, the elements of Moral Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Astronomy, Algebra, French, Music, and Calesthenic exercises.

In the whole course, whether in those matters that belong to the useful and essential branches, or those that may be termed the accomplishments and refinements of Education, care, attention, and talent, on the part of the instructors, and devotion and industry on the part of the pupils, were obvious. Peculiar interest was excited by the classes that had devoted their attention to Elocution and Rhetoric, by the highest class in French, whose translations from D'Agguessau, Racine, & L'Henriade, were subjects of just commendation; and by the young Ladies who had devoted their attention to Moral Philosophy, whose application of its principles to the Science of Government, and thorough knowledge of the Constitution of the United States, created feelings of mingled surprize and admiration in the bosoms of us all.

The class in Algebra, under the particular charge of Professor Aikin, evinced a knowledge of that most difficult branch of Mathematics, and also of Chemistry and Botany, entitling him and them to high approbation.

The Musical exhibition was extremely satisfactory, as evincing the capability of Mr. Rupp, the Musical Professor, in that delightful accomplishment, and the rapid improvement of his pupils.

Without entering further into detail, sir, we express our entire satisfaction with the result of your system, and cannot forbear expressing a wish that the citizens of our wealthy, manufacturing metropolis, and our fellow citizens throughout the western states, who wish to afford to their daughters the benefits of a refined, accomplished, and useful education, at about one third of the expense that such an education would cost them in eastern cities, will confer their patronage upon your Institution. In addition to *all* the advantages as regards the improvement of mind and manners which an eastern Institution can afford, the location of your Institution, surrounded by scenes of picturesque beauty, with its groves, orchards, and gardens, its springs of pure water, and in the midst of a country which may be emphatically denominated the residence of health, would, of itself, operate as a strong inducement to parents who are disposed to send their children abroad for education to intrust them to your care.

Signed by
Hon. CHARLES SHALER.
Rev. GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D.
A. HAYS, M. D.
Hon. SAMUEL PETTIGREW,
JOHN D. MAHON, Esq.
GEORGE BAYARD, Esq.
SAM'L. FAHNESTOCK, Mer.
A. N. McDOWELL, M. D.
JOHN D. DAVIS, Esq.
Mr. CHAS. D. GILLESPIE, and
Major W. WADE.

I have been acquainted with the Institute from its commencement. Its pupils have been unusually healthy; indeed, the situation is one of the most salubrious which I know. At the time of the late examination, in a family of upwards of seventy persons, including the pupils, there was not one who was the subject of medical treatment.
A. HAYS, M. D.
Aug. 3, 1833.—tf.

PROSPECT HILL
Literary & Scientific Institution.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ON the 1st of July, Mr. DANIEL STONE intends opening, near the City of Pittsburgh, an Institution for the instruction of boys. Its plan is to combine, as far as possible, the peculiar advantages of a domestic and public education.—The pupils, with the principal and assistants, will constitute one family, and be at all times under careful supervision. The *Discipline* will be mild, but strict, such as a father, solicitous for the welfare of his children, would exercise over them. It is believed that an appeal to reason, and the sense of honor and duty, will generally secure obedience. Coercive measures will, therefore, be adopted only in extreme cases.

The *Course of Study* will embrace the English, Latin, Greek, and French Languages; Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry; Geography and History—Ancient and Modern; Rhetoric, Composition, and Elocution; Natural Philosophy and Chemistry; Penmanship, Orthography, and Reading. Frequent examinations will be held, open to the friends and relations of the youths.

The *Mode of Instruction* will be thorough and critical, and no subject will be relinquished until fully understood. That the scholar's mind may become vigorous, active, and self-confident—prepared for the stern conflicts of life, and a fearless discharge of its duties, he will be encouraged to reason and decide for himself.

Each student will be required to attend such church as his parent or guardian shall designate.

To preserve health and elasticity of spirits, to check indolence, and promote industry among the students, they will be daily exercised in athletic sports.

Pupils will be admitted between the ages of *Six* and *Sixteen*. None can be received for less than one term.

The uniform *Dress* will consist of a cap, blue roundabout, with metal buttons, and blue pantaloons. Every article of clothing should be marked with the owner's name in full.

The *Terms* are two hundred dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Mending, Light, and Fuel.

The *Vacations*, after the present year, will be three—the 1st, of two weeks, from the 3d Wednesday in April; the 2d, of four weeks, from the 2d Wednesday in August; and one week at Christmas.

The *Matron's* department will be under the care of Mrs. Reynolds, of this city.

References—STEPHEN COLWELL, Esq.
Rev. Dr. UPFOLD,
Hon. JUDGE SHALER,
Professor HALSEY,
Rev. Dr. LACEY,
Hon. HARMAR DENNY.
Pittsburgh, June 28—tf

THE FLOAT.

NOTICE is hereby given by the street commissioners, that the Float for Filth, authorized to be constructed by an act of councils passed the 27th day of May, 1833, is now completed and ready for use, and that Mr. Thomas Cunningham has been appointed to attend it. The Float is placed at the Point, on the Monongahela, and it is "the only place of deposit for filth, which must be tilted, by the person conveying the same, clear of the Float; and for every violation of the Ordinance, the person so offending, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars, on conviction before the Mayor, or any Alderman in the city."

WM. CRAWFORD,
P. PEPPARD.
July 31—4t *Street Commissioners.*

MANN'S AXES.

50 DOZEN MANN'S AXES—first quality. Just received and for sale by
JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.,
June 14. *No. 38, Water street.*

20 BARRELS LOUISVILLE LIME—received per Steam Boat Champion, and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.
May 28, 1833.—tf

WANTED, TO PURCHASE,
A SECOND HAND Baroushe, or Dearborn. Enquire at this office:
July 26—4t*

DOCTOR JOSEPH TREVOR,
ALLEGHENY TOWN:
OFFICE in Robinson's Row—tenth door from the Canal Bridge.
May 28, 1833.—tf.

English Fowling Pieces.

THE Subscriber has received, and offers at low prices, a fine assortment of English Single and Double Barreled Fowling Pieces, of the first rate manufacture.
JOHN B. M'FADDEN,
August 2—4t* 85 Market street.

PITTSBURGH
Literary Reading Room.

THE Subscribers to the Pittsburgh Literary Reading Room, are respectfully informed that it is this day opened, over the Book Store of JOHN I. KAY & Co., No. 44 Market street.

N. B.—Those wishing to subscribe, will please call as above. Terms—Five dollars per annum; three dollars for six months, and two dollars for three months—payable in advance.

The room is open from an early hour in the morning until 10 o'clock in the evening.
August 1, 1833.

CUPPING & LEECHING.

D. B. SHRIEVES, (Successor to Dr. B. Best,) tenders his services to the Physicians and citizens of Pittsburgh as Cupper, Leecher, Bleeder, and Tooth Drawer.—Office nearly opposite the United States' Bank, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. July 31—tf

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank.

Pittsburgh, July 24th, 1833.

THIS Institution will be opened for business this day.

Discount days, Mondays and Thursdays. Notes must be offered on Saturday and Wednesday.
July 26, 1833.—tf.

Alex. Bailie's Wine Store,
CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,

WHERE he has on hand, and for sale, the following Superior Wines:

Chateaux Margaux,
do. Lafitte,
do. Leoville,
do. Latour,
Markebroner, 1807,
Johannesberger, 1811,
St. Julien Medoc,
Haut Sauterne.

ALSO—Every description of Wines kept constantly on hand. Apply as above.
June 18, 1833—tf

New & Valuable Publications.

VOLUME 4, *Condensed Chancery Reports.*—Reports of Cases decided in the High Court of Chancery, in England; edited by E. D. Ingraham, Esq., Counsellor at Law—containing the cases decided by Lord Elden, Lord Chancellor, Sir Thomas Plumer, Master of the Rolls, and Sir John Leach, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Mr. Jacob and by Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Chancellor, Sir John Leach, Master of the Rolls, and Sir Launcelot Shadwell, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Messrs. Russell and Mylne, in the first volume of their reports.

Sale's Koran—the Koran, commonly called the Alcoran of Mohammed—translated into English, immediately from the original Arabic, with explanatory notes, taken from the most approved commentators; to which is prefixed a preliminary Discourse, by George Lale, Gent., with a memoir of the translator, and with various readings and illustrative notes from Lavary's version of the Koran: first American edition, 2 vols., 8vo.

Commentaries on the Constitution of the United States, with a Preliminary Review of the Constitutional History of the Colonies and States, before the adoption of the Constitution. By Joseph Story, L. L. D., Dane Professor of Law in the Harvard University: 1 vol., 8vo.

A system of Universal Geography, Popular and Scientific, comprizing a Physical, Political, and Statistical account of the world, in its various divisions, embracing numerous sketches from recent travels, and illustrated by engravings of manners, costumes, curiosities, cities, edifices, remarkable animals, fruits, trees, and plants. By S. G. Goodrich: 1 vol., 8vo.

Chronology: or an Introduction and Index to Universal History, Biography, and Useful Knowledge; to which is added Valpy's Poetical Retrospect, Literary Chronology, and the latest Statistical Views of the World, with a Chart of History: in 1 vol.

The Principles of Christian Philosophy, containing the Doctrines, Duties, Admonitions, and Consolations of the Christian Religion: by John Burns, M. D. F. R. S. First Amer. Ed. 1 vol.

Saturday Evening: by the Author of Nat. Hist. of Enthusiasm. Third American Ed., 1 vol.

The New American Gardener; containing Practical Directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, including Landscape and Ornamental Gardening, Grape Vines, Silk, Strawberries, &c. &c. By Thomas G. Fessenden, editor of the New England Farmer: 7th Edition.

The Buccaneer—a Tale: by Mrs. S. C. Hall, Author of "Sketches of Irish Character," &c. &c., in 2 vols.

Boys' and Girls' Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge; vols. 9, 10, and 11, containing Tales from American History; by the Author of American Lessons, &c., each volume comprizing a distinct subject and complete in itself, with numerous engravings.

Gallery of the Graces, a series of Portrait Illustrations of the most distinguished Poets and Prose Writers of Great Britain, engraved under the superintendence of W. & E. Finden, from Paintings designated expressly for this Work, by the most eminent Artists: Nos. 3 and 4. Portraits of the principal female characters in the Waverley Novels, with illustrated Letter Press, Nos. 3 and 4.

Finden's Landscape Illustrations to Murray's first complete and uniform edition of the Life and Works of Lord Byron, Nos. 1—13. The three above Works are most elegantly got up.

The above are just received and for sale by
JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44 Market street.

P. S. All the new Publications received as soon as published.
July 23, 1833.—tf.

New Theatre, Pittsburgh.

THE Public is respectfully informed, that this ELEGANT NEW THEATRE, at present building, in Fifth Street, will be opened for the Season, under the management of the subscriber, with a Dramatic Company not surpassed by any in the Union, on Monday, the Second of September, 1833.

The building has been substantially erected, by those well known Mechanics, Messrs. *Roseburg, Reynolds, Scott, & McCulloch*, after a plan drawn by John Haviland, Esq., of Philadelphia, whose justly acquired fame as an Architect will be increased by the style and Beauty of the Present Edifice.

A first rate London Artist has been employed, for the last three months, in preparing the *Dresses* especially for this Theatre, which, in point of

ELEGANCE AND SPLENDOR,

Will equal, if not surpass those belonging to the Metropolitan Theatres of New York, or Philadelphia.

THE SCENERY

Has been designed and executed by Mr. J. R. Smith, a young Artist of great talent, and whose productions may challenge comparison with those of the most distinguished Scene Painters of the day.

THE MACHINERY

Has been entrusted to the care of Mr. Stafford, late of the Philadelphia Theatres, and the direction of the

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

Will be placed under the Superintendence of Mr. Hoffner, of the Chesnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia.

In addition to the exertions of the Regular Company, most of whom are advantageously known in the Eastern Theatres, the Manager has great pride and pleasure in informing the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has engaged, at great expense, the celebrated American Tragedian

MR. E. FORREST,

Who will have the honor of appearing before them at an early period, of which due notice will be given. Negotiations have already been entered into with the most distinguished Performers of the American Stage, who will appear in rapid succession—among others,

MR. & MRS. HILSON,
MISS CLARA FISHER,
MRS. KNIGHT,
MR. J. R. SCOTT.

Also, Mr. PARSLOE, of the Theatre, Covent Garden, London, &c. &c. &c.

In making these arrangements, the subscriber has used every exertion in his power to render THE THEATRE a place of rational amusement—

"To raise the genius and to mend the heart;
Shew Virtue her own features;
Vice her own image;
The age and body of the time, his form and pressure."

And he throws himself confidently on the liberality of the citizens of Pittsburgh for support.

FRAS. C. WEMYSS,
Lessee Pittsburgh Theatre.
July 19, 1833—tf.

5500 POUNDS SPANISH SOLE LEATHER—a superior article.
Just received and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.
Pittsburgh, June 28, 1833.—tf

20 BOXES Y. H. TEA;
20 do. LEMONS;
Just received and for sale by
JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.
July 2, 1833.

National Portrait Gallery.

THE National Portrait Gallery of Distinguished Americans—conducted by James B. Longacre, Philadelphia, and James Herring, New York—under the superintendence of the American Academy of the Fine Arts. The Number sent as a specimen, contains the Portraits of Israel Putnam, Andrew Jackson, and Miss Sedgewick—price 50 cents per number, or $6 per year. Those wishing to subscribe for the above work, will please call at the Bookstore of
JOHN I. KAY & Co.
No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.
May 31, 1833.—tf

TO LET,

THE Large Rooms in the brick building on the south west corner of Market and Fourth streets, occupied by the Pennsylvania Museum; immediate possession given. Enquire at the Museum.
Feb. 5.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
SUPPLIED WITH
Books and Stationery,
ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS, BY
JOHN I. KAY & Co.
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh,
March 26—tf

REMOVAL.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. have removed their Hardware Store to No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.
Pittsburgh, January 25, 1833.—tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *M'Kee & Graham*, Hatters, is dissolved, by mutual consent; all persons, indebted to said firm, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, who will be found at the old stand, in the Diamond, and all persons having claims against the firm will present the same for settlement.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.
June 14, 1833—6mo.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the extensive Hat Manufacturing Establishment of M'Kee & Graham, and will continue the business, in all its various branches, under the firm of

M'Lain, King & M'Cord,

At the old establishment, No. 16 Diamond. They will keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of the best and most fashionable Beaver, Castor Roram, and Wool Hats, *which they will warrant.*

Also, a general assortment of Hatters' Furs and Trimmings, which they will dispose of, on the most favorable terms. Orders from a distance, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

BENJAMIN M'LAIN,
H. D. KING,
JOHN D. M'CORD.
June 14, 1833—6m.

We take pleasure in recommending to our former customers, Messrs. M'Lain, King & M'Cord, our successors, who, we believe, from their knowledge in the business, will afford satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

FIVE and a half dollars per hundred for merchantable Rags will be given in BOOKS-STATIONERY, WRITING PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WALL PAPER, or in any article of Pittsburgh Manufacture, at Sylvester's Cheap Book Store, Corner of Wood and Third Streets, successor in the Book and Stationery business to Henry Holdship & Son.

Just Received,

100 Reams No. 1 Cap paper,
200 " 2 " "
300 " 3 " "
500 " Wrapping Paper,
200 " Letter Paper,
1000 doz. U. S. Spelling Books,
3000 pieces Wall Paper.
ON HAND,

A general assortment of Books and Stationery, Wholesale and Retail.
May 17, 1833.

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

2,000 do. CAST STEEL;
500 do. CROWLEY STEEL;
4,000 do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000 do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 a 10
500 do. CANDLEWICK;
35 barrels PITCH;
30 tons LOG WOOD;
500,000 Kentucky SEGARS;
120 bundles BINDERS' BOARDS
75 groce BONNET BOARDS;
200 reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1833—tf

MRS. BARLOW would be willing to receive into her family, three young Ladies, for Board and Tuition, in French, Italian, Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Drawing, English Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic, and Writing. For the latter branches, Mrs. B. will have the assistance of a competent English teacher.

Terms, $200 per annum, to be paid quarterly in advance.

Mignonnette, Bank of the Ohio, May 21.

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned, late of the firm of Cochran & Irwin, having purchased the interest of Messrs. Dobbin & Irwin, and taken the house lately occupied by them, corner of Market and Water streets, is now prepared to transact a

General Commission and Forwarding Busines

All consignments, or orders, addressed to him will meet with prompt attention, and every exertion will be made to promote the interest and secure the confidence of those who may entrust him with business.

A good assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, at Manufacturers' prices, always on hand. JAMES IRWIN.
Pittsburgh, February 1, 1833.—tf

We take pleasure in recommending to our friends and customers, our successor, Mr. James Irwin, to whom we have sold our interest, and transferred our business. From our long acquaintance with Mr. Irwin, and entire confidence in his integrity and ability, we are well assured that he will give general satisfaction.

HAMILTON R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1833.

SMITH & MELLOR,

TEACHERS OF MUSIC on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, Singing, Flute, Violin, and Violincello. Pupils on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, and Singing, will be instructed at their dwellings, or at the Music Room of the subscribers. For terms, &c., apply at their Music Store, No: 9 Fifth street, between Wood and Market. SMITH & MELLOR.

June 21, 1833—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

REMOVAL.

S. J. SYLVESTER takes this opportunity to return his acknowledgments to his customers for their very liberal support, and asks a continuance of their custom, at his new stand, on the corner of Wood and Third streets, recently occupied by Messrs. Holdship & Son, who have declined the Book Business in his favor. To the customers of Messrs. Holdship, he would say that an extensive assortment of every article in the Book and Stationery Business will be found at his store, at the lowest possible rates.

☞ Country Merchants will find a more extensive assortment of Books than in any other establishment, and at lower prices than at any other store in the western country, on the most liberal terms. S. J. SYLVESTER,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

April 2, 1833.

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor nim with their business. He will be constantly supplied with ageneral assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞ The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

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☞ *Building Materials and Workmen*

WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received, by the Commissioners of the Western Penitentiary, on or before Friday, the 5th inst., for supplying the following quantity and kinds of building materials.

BRICKS.

100 thousand good, hard, well burnt bricks.

STONE.

2 thousand perches of select building stone.

LIME.

5 thousand bushels of well wood burnt stone lime.

SAND.

20 thousand bushels of good, clean river sand.

LUMBER.

50 thousand feet inch measure of two inch white oak plank;

25 thousand feet inch measure 3 by 5 inch white oak scantling;

30 thousand feet, inch measure, of common white pine sap boards;

5 hundred common rafters, 27 feet long, 3 by 5 inches, of white pine or hemlock;

100 thousand common white pine shingles;

20 thousand common four feet plastering laths;

15 thousand feet, inch measure, of two inch common hemlock, or white pine plank.

CAST IRON.

240 thousand pounds of door jambs, sky lights, ventillators, breckets, water pipes, &c., as per patterns and drawings.

WROUGHT IRON.

200 plates of ¼ inch boiler iron, 2 by 5 feet; 20 tons of bar iron, as per bill of dimensions.

WORKMEN.

A few first rate bricklayers and masons are wanted, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given, on being found competent. Also, a Blacksmith, of ability and industry.

Any information may be obtained of the subscriber, at the Prison, or Exchange Hotel.

JOHN HAVILAND, Architect.

☞ The Mercury and Advocate will insert the above until forbidden. April 2—tf

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THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. }
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

SATIN BEAVER

HAT MANUFACTORY,

NO. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

WILSON & SMITH, from N. York,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and the neighboring towns, that they have commenced the manufacture of the above beautiful and elegant article, so much admired and worn throughout Europe, and the principal cities in the United States.

W. & S. beg leave to observe, that, after various experiments, they have at last succeeded in bringing this Hat to the highest state of perfection, and they can assert, with confidence, that in point of color, lightness, elasticity, durability, and general beauty of appearance, they cannot be surpassed by the most expensive Hat that is made. Gentlemen are invited to call and examine them, and judge for themselves.

Wholesale Dealers supplied at the same prices as in the New York markets.

April 23—1y

ABSCONDED from the Clinton Paper Mill, Steubenville, ABRAHAM WILLARD, an indented apprentice to Henry Holdship & Son.

All persons are cautioned against employing, harboring, or trusting him, as we will pay no debts of his contracting.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 21, 1833.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected:

Interest allowed on Special Deposits:

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

TO RENT,

THE Two Three Story Brick Stores, erected by the subscriber, in Wood street, on Sturgeon's Lots. Possession given on the first of April. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK,

March 22. No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

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14 HHDS. N. ORLEANS SUGAR—received per Steam Boat Envoy, and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, June 7, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

A CARD.

DOCTOR HEWETSON, Licentiate of the Royal College of Edinburgh, has commenced the practice of Physic and Surgery, in this city. Office in Fourth street, next door to the Museum.

☞ Advice given gratis, to the Poor, from 8 to 10 o'clock on Tuesday and Friday mornings.

July 19, 1833—6w

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

Utica, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

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25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;

In store, and for sale, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm o LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Thompson & Miller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement.

ROBERT THOMPSON,
THOMAS MILLER.

Jan. 1st, 1833.

The business will be continued, in future, by Robert Thompson & John Scott, Jr., under the firm of

THOMPSON & SCOTT,

At the old stand, No. 81 Wood, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, where will be constantly kept a general and choice assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

☞ The subscriber, on retiring from the above firm of Thompson & Miller, takes pleasure in recommending his successors, Thompson & Scott, to the patronage of the old customers, and the public generally.

THOMAS MILLER.

Feb. 19, 1833.—tf.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership formerly existing between the Subscribers, under the name and firm of S. C. BEVER & CO., was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 5th instant.

All persons who are indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to C. Bever, who is duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present the same to S. C. Bever. S. C. BEVER,

WILLIAM EBERHART.

☞ The business will, hereafter, be carried on by the Subscribers, under the firm of BEVER & WOLTZ, who solicit a share of the public patronage and custom.

S. C. BEVER,
G. B. WOLTZ,

Brownsville, July 12, 1833.—tf

Notice to Creditors, &c.

SAMUEL STEVENSON, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having assigned all his Goods, Merchandise, Accounts, and Effects to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, as named in his deed of Assignment. All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against him, will present them for settlement.

WILLIAM BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOMAS STEVENSON.

August 14—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

TO COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SYLVESTER has on hand, at manufacturers' prices, an extensive assortment of

Cap Writing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Letter do do 1, 2, and 3;
Printing Paper, of all sizes and qualities;
Tea and Wrapping Paper, at manufacturers' prices;
Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow, taken in exchange for Paper, or Cash will be given, when required, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,

Late H. Holdship & Son, corner of Wood and Third streets. April 2.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,

PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

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BRITISH LUSTRE,

For Polishing Stoves & Grates.

THIS LUSTRE, with a little rubbing, will produce a brilliancy highly ornamental; and, when once obtained, may be easily preserved.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

March 22—tf No. 42 Market street.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞ A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

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E. HALE,

SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes giving temporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradually increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in a cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.

Dec. 4, 1832.—tf

CANVASSED HAMS.

JUST received, in superior order, 1000 CANVASSED HAMS—for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.,

Nov. 13—tf Water street.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

HAVING purchased of Mr. Richard Ronaldson, his long established and very extensive Type Foundry, the subscribers have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of continuing said business, and for the convenience of their friends and patrons, have removed their establishment to a more central part of the city. As it is their intention to keep on hand a good assortment of the best type, and to make such additions and improvements as the taste of the trade and the wants of the country require, they flatter themselves that this establishment will merit a large share of patronage. They have now several founts on hand, which can be furnished at a few hours' notice, and are prepared to make founts of all weights and sizes, from Pearl to 22 lines Pica, including a variety of Ornamental Letter. Their assortment of Cuts, Dashes, Brass Rule, and other Ornaments, will be found to be very extensive, of which specimens will be forwarded to Printers as soon as they can be prepared.

Printing Presses of every description, Printing Ink of the most approved qualities, Composing Sticks, Brass and Common Galleys, Chases, Imposing Stones, Cases, Paper and Press Boards, Standing Presses, Furniture, together with a complete assortment of all articles used in a Printing Office, will be kept constantly on hand.

Small founts, suitable for Book Binders, in great variety, may be had when called for.

Orders from all parts in the Union will be promptly and most carefully attended to, and particularly in supplying *sorts* for all founts furnished by their predecessors, Binny & Ronaldson, and Richard Ronaldson.

JOHNSTON & SMITH,
No. 6, George street.

Philad. Feb. 18, 1833.

N. B. A good Washington Super Royal Press, and 3 Standing Presses, in good order—together with several founts of 2d hand type, will be sold low.

Stereotyping, in all its branches, executed by L. Johnson, as heretofore.

March 19.